THE BIG IDEA CANVAS

EXPLAIN YOUR BIG IDEA IN ONE SENTENCE: **DEVELOPED BY:** DATE: I. PAIN OF THE CUSTOMER 4. Will your solution greatly affect the size and growth of the market? 2. Name the current market gorilla (i.e., market leader).** 0 - NO3 - I THINK SO 1. Who's your target customer? (see Nail It Then Scale It, p. 81) 5. What are the key growth drivers for the market? (e.g., government 3. Are you competing head on with a gorilla for the same customer? regulations, changes in technology, changes in consumer behavior, etc.) PARTNERING 2. What's the job your customer is trying to perform? * 4. Who goes out of business if you win? (industries/companies) 6. What's the financial potential of a business that solves the pain? (add answers to questions I - 4) 3. What's the pain your customer is experiencing while doing the job? 5. Based on the proposed solution, what's your market-entry strategy? 16 ☐ Face Punch Strategy 😭 ☐ Greenfield Strategy Taco Stand Low Growth High Growth Compete head-to-head with market Create a brand new market category 4. How big is the pain the customer is feeling? leaders for existing customers with a where competition is non-existent; 3. PRESCRIPTION FOR THE PAIN solution that is similar to existing create new customers and draw offerings (i.e., no innovation). customers in from other markets. I. What's the name of your proposed solution to the pain? ☐ Bolt-on Strategy 6 Shark Bite ☐ Geographic Strategy Mosauito Bite Spider Bite **lellyfish Sting** Dog Bite Extend an existing market by adding a Import proven business models and 2. Describe your proposed solution to the pain and its key benefits. 5. How often are customers feeling the pain? product or service onto the market's innovations from one country to 5 current offerings; partner with market another (i.e., geographic innovation). leader (i.e., incremental innovation) نون 31 3. How distinct is your solution from what already exits? ☐ Breakthrough Strategy **10**X ☐ Disruptive Strategy Monthly 2X Daily + Infrequently Target unmet needs of underserved Develop products that are 10x better **Q**.// customers at the low end of an existing than market leaders; competing for 6. What's the pain score? (multiply answers to questions 4 & 5) market; competitors flee up market same customers with high "switching rather than fight for the low end. Cut & Pasted Almost Identical Night & Day Middle of Road costs" (i.e., 10x innovation). 7. How much market knowledge do you have to understand the pain? 5. PATH TO THE EXIT 4. What types of innovation are you using to differentiate yourself? ☐ Technological Customer Experience Design 2. POTENTIAL OF THE MARKET I. How large is the universe of potential buyers for the company? Business Model Business Process Marketing Product Performance Service No Innovation 1. How many customers are experiencing the pain? Supply Chain Other Distribution Channel 5 5. What are the primary differentiators of your solution? A Few 2. Who are the top likely potential buyers of the company? Millions Billions Hundreds Thousands 6. How much domain expertise do you have to solve the pain? 2. Sustainability? Can you provide the solution to customers profitably? 3. Do you plan to engage in partnerships with them? If so, how? NONE VARSITY 4. POSITIONING IN THE MARKET 4. Do you currently have access to relevant distribution channels? I Hope So Most Likely Absolutely 1. What does the competitive landscape (jungle) look like? SORT OF NO 3. What's the current overall size and growth of the market? 5. What's the overall likelihood of the company becoming acquired? **Empty** Monkeys Jungle Gorilla Dinosaurs

Big & Slow Nonexistent /Big Potential Big & Fast

Small & Fast

Very Likely

Never Ever

Long Odds

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EXPLAIN YOUR BIG IDEA IN ONE SENTENCE: DEVELOPED BY: DATE:

THE BIG IDEA HYPOTHESIS

Now that you have a foundational understanding of the Big Idea Hypothesis, let's create one

for your big idea (see Nail It Then Scale It, p. 71).

The output of this worksheet is to create a hypothesis that you can go out and test. Writing down a Big Idea Hypothesis forces you to focus and clarify what you believe before you talk to potential customers or build prototypes (see Nail It Then Scale It, p. 69-73).

The best tool we have found for formulating your Big Idea Hypothesis is found in Geoffrey Moore's book, *Crossing the Chasm.* Moore calls it the "elevator message," but we use it for the Big Idea Hypothesis. The steps of the Big Idea Hypothesis are:

- I. For (target customer)
- 2. Who (statement of the monetizable pain)
- 3. The (product name) is a (product category)
- 4. That (statement of key benefit)
- 5. Unlike (primary competitive alternative)
- 6. Our Solution (solution and primary differentiation)

EXAMPLE I – Using this format, let's take a look at a potential Big Idea Hypothesis for Surf Air, a subscription-based airline startup headquartered in Santa Monica, CA.

"(1) For the frequent, wealthy business traveler (2) who dislikes the airport experience, specifically checking in, going through security, waiting at the terminal, and picking up luggage, yet doesn't have enough wealth to buy a private jet, (3) Surf Air is an airline that (4) allows the traveler to skip all the hassle of the airport experience and have access to a private jet experience without the cost. (5) Unlike traditional airlines, Surf Air (6) is a subscription-based airline, which employs small, luxury planes that can be used by customers like private jets."

EXAMPLE 2 – As an another example, the following is the Big Idea Hypothesis Paul Ahlstrom created for his software company, Knowlix.

"(1) For the Internal IT Help Desk managers of large corporations who (2) have dissatisfied customers and are out of compliance with their Customers' Service Level Agreements because each front-line support representative is unable to capture and share knowledge so they can answer customers' technical questions and problems in a timely manner, (3) Knowlix is an IT Knowledge Management Solution that (4) allows the front-line IT Customer Support Reps to capture issues within their existing workflow and provide accurate answers in real-time to their corporate customers. (5) Unlike Inference, Knowlix (6) integrates large amounts of unstructured data into the existing workflow of Remedy, Peregrine, and other leading IT Help Desk systems, thus allowing the frontline support rep to answer the question on the first call."

By using the answers you provided on the other side of this Canvas, you can piece together a Big Idea Hypothesis that will help focus your efforts and share a clear message as you talk about your big idea with others. So let's go retrieve each step of the Big Idea Hypothesis. I. For (target customer): Copy your answer to Question I.I 2. Who (statement of monetizable pain): Copy your answer to Question 1.3 3. The (product name) is a (product category): Copy your answer to Question 3.1 4. That (statement of key benefit): Copy your answer to Question 3.2 5. Unlike (primary competitive alternative): Copy your answer to Question 4.2 6. Our Solution (solution and primary differentiation): Copy your answer to Question 3.5 With all the steps identified and written down, you can now stitch them together to create one, unified Big Idea Hypothesis. Give it a try below.

YOUR BIG IDEA HYPOTHESIS

Developed by Paul Ahlstrom | Designed by William Standish